

Sociology

B.A. Sociology-I

Total Mark: 100

Appendix 'A' (Outlines of Tests)

General Sociology : **100 Marks**

Appendix 'B' (Syllabi and Courses of Reading)

General Sociology **100 Marks**

Note:- (All the topics should be covered in the context of Pakistan society).

I. Introduction:

- a) Definitions of Sociology
- b) Subject Matter
- c) Relationship of Sociology with other Social Sciences: Political Sciences, Psychology, Economics, History and Anthropology, Statistics, Women Studies, Social Work.
- d) Utility and Application of Sociology

II. Social Action and Social Interaction:

- a) Definition of Action and Interaction
- b) Importance of Action and Interaction
- c) Types of Social Action and Social Interaction
- d) Comparison between action and interaction
- e) Processes of Social Interaction: Cooperation, Competition, Conflict, Assimilation, Accommodation and Acculturation.

III. Social Groups:

- a) Definitions and Dynamics of Social Groups
- b) Types of Groups: Primary Groups, Secondary Groups, In Groups, out- Groups, Formal Groups, Informal Groups, Reference group
- c) Concepts of Community and Society

IV. Culture:

- a) Definitions of Culture
- b) Element of Culture: Traits, Patterns, Complexes, Ethos.
- c) Types of Culture: Non-Material and Material; Idealand Real
- d) Social Norms- Definition

- e) Types of Social Norms: Folkways, Mores (Amar-o-Nehi), Laws.
- f) Other Related Concepts: Cultural uniformity, Cultural variability, Sub- Culture, Cultural Relativism, Multiculturalism, Ethnocentrism,

V. Deviance:

- a) Definition of deviance
- b) Formal and informal methods of social control
- c) Social Control and Social Sanctions

VI. Socialization and Personality:

- (a) Status and Role: definitions and relationships
- (b) Types of Status and Role: Achieved and Ascribed
- (d) Personality: Important factors in personality formation e.g., Heredity, Socio-Cultural and Unique Experiences; interplay of these.
- (e) Socialization: definition and its agents (Family, Education, Peer Group, Media, Religious)

VII. Social Institutions:

- a) Definition of Social Institutions
- b) Types of Social Institutions and their functions: Political, Economic, Mass media, Religious, Education. Family and Kinship, Recreational.
- c) Interrelationship of Social Institutions.

VIII. Social Stratification:

- a) Definition of Social Stratification
- b) Dimensions: Caste, Bradari and Class.
- c) Social Mobility and its Types: Factors Affecting Mobility

IX. Social and Cultural Change

- a) Definition of Social and Cultural Change
- b) Factors of Socio-Cultural Change: Urbanization, Information Technology, Mass media, revolution, war, education and globalization